# PCI/PCIe-7300A, cPCI-7300

## 80 MB/s High-Speed 32-CH Digital I/O Cards



PCI-7300A



PCIe-7300A



#### **Features**

- xI lane PCI Express® Interface (PCIe-7300A)
- Supports a 32-bit 5 V PCI bus (PCI-7300A)
- 3U Eurocard form factor, CompactPCI compliant (PICMG 2.0 R2.1) (cPCI-7300)
- 32-CH 5 V/TTL digital inputs/outputs
- 20 MHz (80 MB/s) maximum transfer rate
- 8, 16, or 32-bit transfers
- 4 auxiliary DI & 4 auxiliary DO
- Onboard 64 kB FIFO
- Onboard programmable timer pacer clock
- Timed digital input sampling controlled by internal timer or external clock
- Independent trigger signals to start data acquisition and pattern generation
- Scatter-gather DMA
- Supports handshaking digital I/O transfer mode
- Repeated digital pattern generation from FIFO
- Active terminators for high-speed and longdistance data transfer

#### ■ Operating Systems

- Windows 7/Vista/XP/2000/2003
- Linux

#### ■ Recommended Software

- AD-Logger
- VB.NET/VC.NET/VB/VC++/BCB/Delphi
- DAQBench

#### ■ Driver Support

- DAQPilot for Windows
- DAQPilot for LabVIEW™
- PCIS-DASK for Windows
- PCIS-DASK/X for Linux



#### Introduction

ADLINK's PCI/PCIe-7300A and cPCI-7300 are ultra-highspeed digital I/O card consisting of 32 digital input/output channels. High performance designs and state-of-the-art technology make these cards ideal for a wide range of applications, such as high-speed data transfer, digital pattern generation and digital pattern capture applications, and logic analyzer applications. Trigger signals are available to start the data acquisition of pattern generation.

#### ■ Maximum Data Acquisition Rate

For sustained data transfer directly from or to host memory, the maximum data acquisition rate can be 80 MB/s. The maximum data transfer rates between external device and onboard FIFO can be up to 80 MB/s for DO and 160 MB/s for DI. 80MB/s is achieved by 32-bit data width multiplied by an internal 20 MHz clock. 160 MB/s is achieved by 32-bit data width with an external 40 MHz clock for digital input channels only. The PCI/PCIe-7300A, cPCI-7300 can reach 160 MB/s throughput only when the acquired data length is less than FIFO size (16 k samples).

#### ■ Bus Mastering DMA

The PCI/PCIe-7300A, cPCI-7300 performs high-speed data transfers between onboard FIFO and host memory using bus mastering DMA and scatter gather. When the PCI/PCIe-7300A, cPCI-7300 becomes the bus master, it takes control of the PCI/PCIe/cPCI bus, transfers data at burst speed, and then releases the bus. The host memory can be utilized as much as possible to store data when the data acquisition throughput is less than the sustained PCI bus bandwidth.

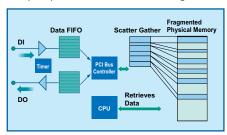
#### ■ Scatter Gather Support

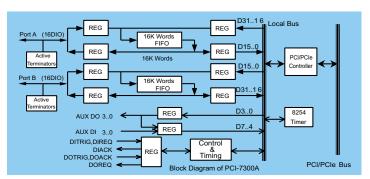
For bus master devices, the hardware has the special-design built-in support for transferring data to and from non-contiguous ranges of physical memory. The PCI/PCIe-7300A, cPCI-7300 contains multiple pairs of address and length registers, each one describing a single contiguous buffer segment. This allows the PCI/PCIe-7300A, cPCI-7300 to perform I/O using buffers that are scattered throughout DMA address space. These multiple address and count registers are often referred to as a scatter/gather list, and you can also think of these bus masters as having their own built-in mapping registers. With scatter gather support, the data transfer size is no longer a limitation, and moreover, ring buffer is easily achieved with the link list of the scattered memory.

#### ■ I/O Port Configurations

The PCI/PCIe-7300A, cPCI-7300 is initially configured as two ports: PORT A and PORT B. Each port controls 16 digital I/O lines. The I/O ports can be configured as either input or output. According to outside device environment, the PCI/PCIe-7300A, cPCI-7300 can be configured to meet all high-speed digital I/O data transferring. PCI/PCIe-7300A, cPCI-7300 can support many different digital I/O operation modes:

- Internal clock: The digital input and output operations are handled by internal clock and data is transferred by busmastering DMA.
- External clock: The digital input and output operations are handled by external In/Out strobe signals (DI\_REQ or DO\_ACK) and data is transferred by busmastering DMA.
- Handshaking: Through REQ and ACK signals, the digital I/O data can have simple handshaking data transfer to guarantee no data loss.
- Pattern generation: The PCI/PCIe-7300A, cPCI-7300 reads or writes digital data at a prede termined rate. Users can control the rate internally via by onboard counters with 50 ns timing resolution.





Pin Assignment

55 PR11

58

62

65

67

70

75

76

79

80

83

84

88

90

95 PA5

39 89

44 94

48 98

49 99 PB15

PB14 52

PB13 53

PB12 54

PB10 56

PB9 57

PB8

PB7

PB6 60

PB5 61

PB3 63

PR2

PB1

PB0 66

DO ACK

DO\_REQ

DO TRG

AUXO3

AUXO2

AUXO1

AUXO0

TERMPWR

TERMPWR

TERMPWR

TERMPWR

AUXI3

AUXI2

AUXI1

AUXI0

DI ACK

DI\_REQ

DI\_TRG

PA15 85

PA14

PA13

PA12

PA11

PA10

PA9

PA8 92

PA6

PA4 96

PA3 97

PA2

PA1

PA0

**GND** 

GND

GND 20

GND

**GND** 

GND

**GND** 

GND

GND

GND

GND

GND

GND

GND

GND

GND 43 93

GND

GND

GND

GND

GND

GND

**GND** 50

**GPIB & Bus** 

PAC

## **Specifications**

#### Digital I/O

- Numbers of channel (Software configurable)
  - 16 DI & 16 DO
  - 32 DI
  - 32 DO
- Compatibility: 5 V/TTL
- Digital logic levels
  - Input high voltage: 2-5.25 V
  - Input low voltage: 0-0.8 V
  - Output high voltage: 2.7 V minimum
  - Output low voltage: 0.5 V maximum
- Input load
  - Terminator OFF
  - Input high current: I mA
  - Input low current: 20 mA
  - Terminator ON
  - Termination resistor: I I I  $\Omega$
  - Termination voltage: 2.9 V
  - Input high current: I mA
  - Input low current: 22.4 mA
- Output driving capacity
  - Source current: 8 mA
  - Sink current: 48 mA

#### **Transfer Characteristics**

■ Data transfers:

Bus-mastering DMA with Scatter/Gather

Data width: 32/16/8 bits (programmable)

#### **Data Transfer Count**

- 2 M double words (8 MB) for non-chaining mode DMA
  - No limitation for chaining mode (scatter/gather) DMA

### **Max Transfer Rate**

DO: 80 MBytes/s, 32-bit output @ 20 MHz DI: 80 MBytes/s, 32-bit input @ 20 MHz

#### Trigger

- DI TRG for digital inputs, DO\_TRG for digital outputs
- Compatibility: 5 V/TTL
- Trigger types: rising or falling edges
- Minimum pulse width: 32 ns

#### **Clocking Mode**

- Internal clock
  - Internal clock sources: 20 MHz, 10 MHz, Timer#0 output (digital input pacer) and Timer #I output (digital output pacer)
- External clock up to 40 MHz
- Handshaking
- Burst handshaking

#### **Programmable Counter**

- Base clock: 10 MHz
- Timer #0 as digital input pacer
- Timer #I as digital output pacer
- Timer #2: as interrupt source

#### Auxiliary Digital I/O

- Number of channels
  - 4-CH digital inputs
  - 4-CH digital outputs
- Compatibility: 5 V/TTL
- Data transfers: programmed I/O
- I/O connector: One I00-pin SCSI-II female
- Operating temperature: 0°C to 60°C
- Storage temperature: -20°C to 80°C
- Relative humidity: 5% to 95%, non-condensing
- Power requirements

Device	Power	Onboard terminator off	Onboard terminator on
PCI-7300A	+5 V	830 mA typical	I.0 A typicall
PCle-7300A	+12 V	119 mA typical	287 mA typical
	+3.3 V	499 mA typical	543 mA typical
cPCI-7300	+5 V	830 mA typical	1.0 A typical

- Dimensions (not including connectors)
  - 179 mm x 106 mm (PCI-7300A)
  - 168 mm x 112 mm (PCle-7300A)
  - 160 mm x 100 mm (cPCI-7300)

#### Terminal Boards & Cables

#### ■ DIN-100S-01

Terminal Board with One 100-pin SCSI-II Connector and DIN-Rail Mounting (Cables are not included.) Note:

Legacy DIN-502S can be replaced by two DIN-50S-01 and ACL-10252-1 (100-Pin to two 50-Pin Cable, I M)

#### ACL-102100-1

I 00-pin SCSI-II cable (mating with AMP-787082-9), I  $\,\mathrm{M}$ 

\* For more information on mating cables, please refer to P2-59/60.

## Ordering Information

#### ■ PCI-7300A

80 MB/S High-Speed 32-CH Digital I/O Card

#### ■ PCle-7300A

80 MB/S High-Speed 32-CH Digital I/O PCle Card

#### ■ cPCI-7300

80 MB/s High-Speed 32-CH Digital I/O Module